

# Laser Welding; The arrival of new generation

Equipped with new AMADA-designed oscillator, it achieves high speed, high quality processing with a variety of the latest functions!

The fiber laser welding system proposed by AMADA realizes high speed and high quality welding processing which cannot be done by conventional laser welding.

A new type of oscillator solves various customer's challenges by utilizing Amada's proprietary beam control system. Contributing to even higher production processing.





# Typical Work Samples

## **Smooth welding bead**



## Work sample [Sanitary pipe]

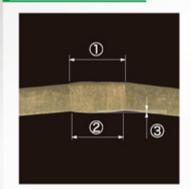


Material :SUS316L Thickness :1.45mm(2.0S)

1.6mm

Commercial item: Reducer, Ferrule Process time :3m30s

## Macro data

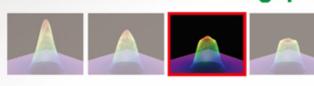


①Top side width	3.05mm
②Bottom side width	3.00mm
3Raised part (bottom)	0.11mm

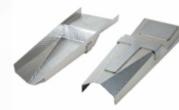


Enlarged view (bottom)

## **Countermeasures for gap variance**

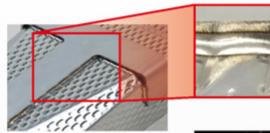


## Work sample [Chute]



Material :SUS304
Thickness :1.0±0.35+3.0mm
Part size :420×155×50mm

Process time :5m15s

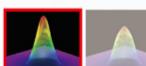




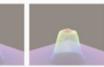
1.23mm

Cross section view

## **Integrated spot welding process**











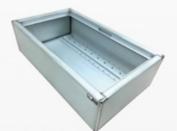








## Work sample [Control box]

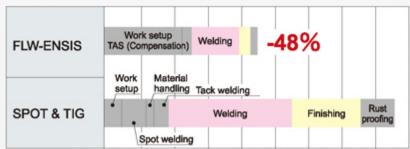


Material : SECC Thickness : 1.6mm





Minimize thermal effects on the back side



Lead-time comparison

## Welding differing metals

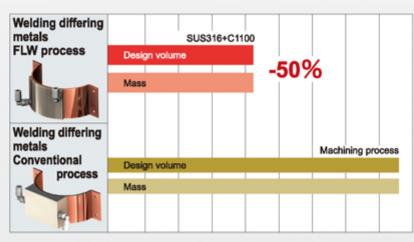
## Work sample [Heat exchanger]



Material :SUS316+C1100
Thickness :1.0mm+2.0mm
Wire :Wire for brazing

Diameter :  $\phi$ 1.6

Laser brazing (Brazing)



## **FLW-ENSIS New Technologies**

# 1 High speed and high grade processing

## Advantage of Fiber laser welding

Low strain welding by high energy density FLW-ENSIS has a much higher energy density than other welding sources, so high speed welding with low strain and deep penetration is possible.

#### Reduce finishing work

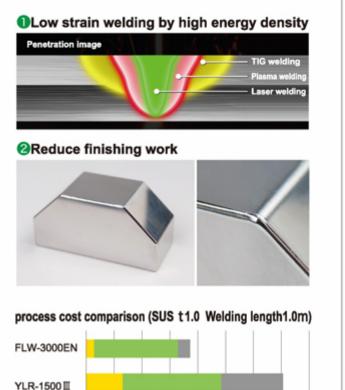
Continuous welding of CW realizes optimal airtightness, smooth and high grade bead.

This greatly reduces the work of finishing process and improves the productivity of the customer.

#### S Low processing cost

Compared with the conventional CO<sub>2</sub> laser welding machine, the heat exchange efficiency is very high, and the electricity can be drastically reduced.

Optical components such as mirrors and lenses inside the oscillator are eliminated, and customer maintenance costs are reduced.



# 2 Latest welding technologies

## Improvement of welding capacity by ENSIS technology

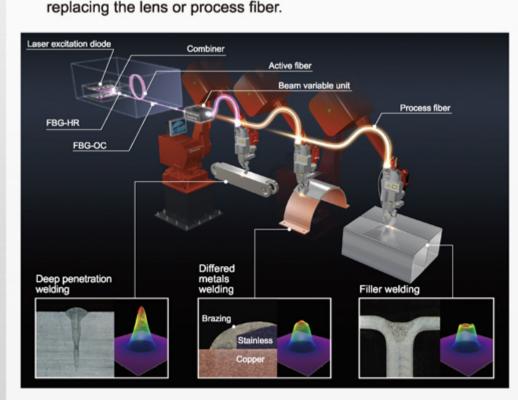
1 The 3kW oscillator has the penetration ability equivalent to 4kW of the conventional machine

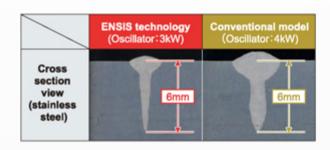
The 3kW oscillator (ENSIS-3000) has a very high energy density, allowing high speed welding with deep penetration.

② Beam control according to processing application ENSIS technology improves adaptability from finer welds to

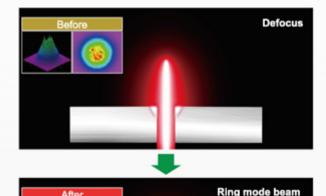
products with gaps far better than conventional machines.

Optimum conditions can be set according to the application without replacing the long or process fiber.





Electricity Gas Comsumption







## FLW-ENSIS welding Technologies

#### **Push-Pull filler wire function**

This function realizes stable processing of overlay welding which is difficult with conventional laser welding.

By pulling out the filler wire from the molten point, stable wire cutting is possible. This allows continuous processing of filler welding.

#### Beam weaving function

By rotating the laser beam at high speed, it is possible to weld the product with wide gap.

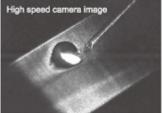
It is also effective for stable processing of filler weld.

#### NC auto focus control

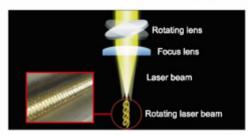
It is possible to change the focal position without changing the robot trajectory.

Multiple conditions can be set in one setup from low distortion weld to defocus weld on round R.

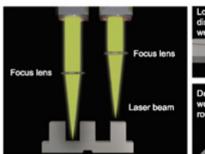


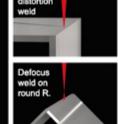


Push-Pull filler wire function



Beam weaving function





NC auto focus control

## Easy setup operation

#### Setp NAVI (AMNC)

Setup information of program data can be browsed on AMNC.

Data created with VPSS 3i\_WELD can be saved with photo and memo of setup when processed.

#### TAS (Teaching Assist System)

The system takes a photograph of fixed point and corrects the program of the seam contours of the parts. It is easy to use even if the worker can not operate the robot.

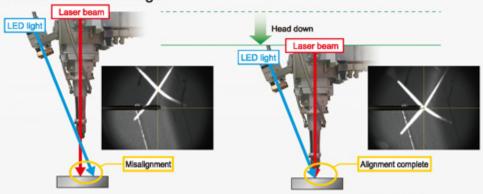
This automatic detection function can be used for the subsequent components.

#### **Process condition file**

Standard conditions can be registered for each sheet thickness / material. Customers can create their own processing condition file for each product.

#### **Z-indicator**

In this system, LED light and CCD camera are mounted on the head, and at teaching operation the target position can be easily checked with the image.



Z-indicator



Setp NAVI (AMNC)



TAS (Teaching Assist System)



Process condition file



## **FLW-ENSIS**

# 3 Welding by digitalization

## Offline setup of teaching operation

#### VPSS 3i WELD





#### PD (Production Designer)

Import 2D and 3D CAD data.

Edit the positioning and development for laser welding Development data can be used in all sheet metal processes. By adding welding attributes, program time is reduced.

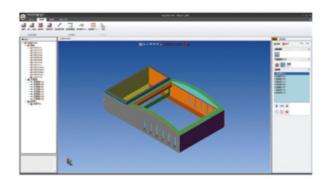
#### Data creation with no mistakes in simulation function

Weld conditions are assigned to data regarding which welding attribute is added by PD, thereby creating robot motion data suitable for processing.

Jig data can also be registered. It is possible to create a program without mistakes by collision check at simulation.

#### Improvement of productivity by offline teaching

By performing offline teaching, it is possible to create a program without stopping the machine, thus improving the operation rate.







# AMADA IoT **V-factory**

V-factory utilizes IoT to visualize real-time tasks at the factory and realize high value-added production. All employees involved in production, from the director of the customer plant to the operator, share the same information via "My V-factory" and use it to solve the current problem quickly. It is used for high value-added production and cost reduction.

> The information is shared among everyone involved in manufacturing to solve issues quickly.



My V-factory (WEB contents) can visualize the machine performance and also identify the production failure on customer's mobile device.



# Analysis of downtime operation factors

# 5 Other function (including option)

## Nozzle Selection according to processing

Name	Side nozzle	Slim nozzle	Coaxial nozzle (water cooling)
Image			
Standard/Option	Standard	Standard	Option
Shield	©	0	0
Operability	Δ	0	0
Durability (against spatter)	©	Δ	0
Filler	Δ	0	0

### Cutting torch •Option

Easy exchange from welding nozzle to cutting is possible





Cutting torch

## 6 Lineup

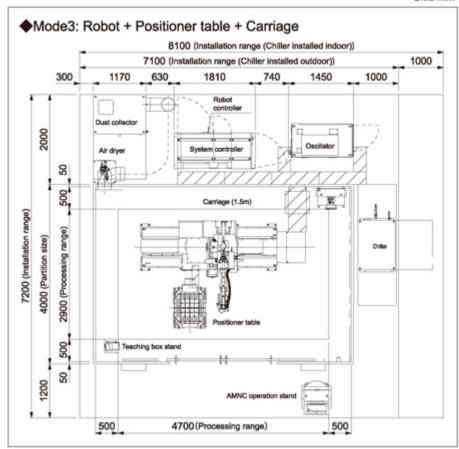
## Selection according to work size and product lot

Model name	Model 1	Model 2	Model 3	Model 5
Robot	•	•	•	•
Positioner table		•	•	•
Carriage			•	•
Shuttle				•
Image	4000	4000	4000	4000

- \* M3: Travel stroke: 1.5m, 3.0m, 4.0m
- \* M5: Travel stroke: 4.0m
- \* Dimensions are size of partition. The height is 3750mm including the duct.
- \* Other equipment installation range is required separately.

#### ■Floor layout

Unit: mm



#### ■Lineup

The following lineups are prepared according to product size, lot and product application.

◆Model 1 : Robot

Model 2: Robot + Positioner table

Model 3: Robot + Carriage + Positioner table

Model 5: Robot + Carriage + 2 Positioner table (shuttle spec)

◆Carriage specification

Travel stroke: 1.5m, 3.0m, 4.0m



#### ■ Machine specification (standard)

FLW-3000ENSIS
FLW3000EN
* See the table below
MC2000 (Yaskawa)
DX100 (Yaskawa)
AMNC/PC
Amada
Full-cover partition
PXN-6XA (Sinto)

#### **■**Carriage specification

Travel stroke	m	1.5, 3.0, 4.0
Travel speed (max)	m/min	60
Positioning accuracy	mm	±0.1

#### ■ Positioner table (mounted surface plate)

Pass line height	mm	700
Payload (max)	kg	500
Rotation axis		±720°
Tilting axis		±90°

#### ■Oscillator/Chiller specification

Item		
Oscillator model		ENSIS-3000
Power	W	3000
Wavelength	μm	1.08
Dimension W×H×L	mm	1450×1390×750
Required power	kVA	11.9
Mass	kg	400
Chiller model		RKE5502B-VA-UP2
Cooling capacity	kW	13.0
Dimension W×H×L	mm	1100×1700×854
Mass ( ) Operation	kg	340 (450)
Chiller Required power	kVA	9.0
Total Required power (Model3) incl. Dust collector	kVA	40.7



For Your Safe Use

Be sure to read the operator's manual carefully before use.

- In order to operate this machine there must be a dedicated partition for safety.
  This sytem requires a dedicated shield for material when the wavelength 1.08 µm.
- Specifications, appearance and equipment are subject to change without notice by reason of improvement.
- Use these registered model names when you contact the authorities for applying for installation, exporting, or financing.
- \* The specifications described in this catalog are for the Japanese domestic market.

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This laser product uses a Class 4 invisible laser for processing and a Class 3R visible laser for positioning.

- Class 4 invisible laser: Avoid eye or skin exposure to direct or scattered exposure
  of beam. Never touch or look into the beam.
- Class 3R visible laser : Avoid direct eye exposure.